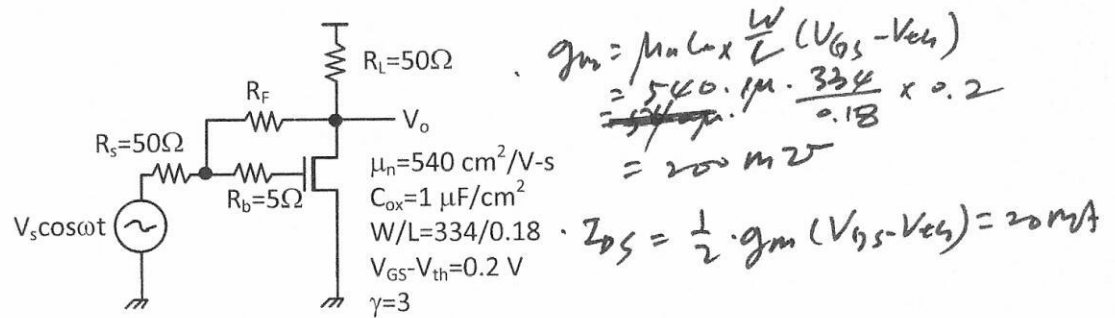


1. In the amplifier shown below, DC characteristic of the NMOS is set by square-law characteristic, i.e.

$$I_{DS} = \frac{1}{2} \mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{TH})^2.$$

Assume that $R_s \ll 1/\omega C_{gs}$, **all resistors are noisy** and NMOS has drain thermal noise current.

The drain thermal noise coefficient is γ .



- 1) Determine feedback resistance, R_F , to match input and output impedance to R_s and R_L , respectively (5pt).

$$Z_{in} = \frac{R_F + R_L}{1 + g_m R_L} \approx \frac{R_F}{g_m R_L} = R_s \rightarrow R_F = g_m R_L R_s = 520 \Omega$$

$$Z_{out} = \frac{R_F + R_s}{1 + g_m R_s} \approx \frac{R_F}{g_m R_s} = 50 \Omega = R_L$$

- 2) Express output noise voltages due to R_s , R_F , R_b , R_L and drain current (I_{DS}), respectively, under matched condition (20pt). **You don't need to calculate them numerically.**

$$(V_{on})_{\text{due to } R_s} = \sqrt{R_s} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{R_F}{R_s} = \sqrt{4kTR_s \Delta f} \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{R_F}{R_s} \right)$$

$$(V_{on})_{\text{due to } R_F} = \sqrt{R_F} \cdot \frac{R_L}{Z_o + R_L} = \sqrt{R_F} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \sqrt{4kTR_F \Delta f} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$(V_{on})_{\text{due to } R_b} = \sqrt{R_b} \cdot g_m \frac{1}{2} R_L = \sqrt{R_b} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{R_F}{R_s} = \sqrt{4kTR_b \Delta f} \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{R_F}{R_s} \right)$$

$$(V_{on})_{\text{due to } R_L} = \sqrt{R_L} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \sqrt{4kTR_L \Delta f} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$(V_{on})_{\text{due to } I_{DS}} = \sqrt{i_{no}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} R_L = \sqrt{4kTRg_m \Delta f} \left(\frac{1}{2} R_L \right)$$